Finch & Co



CARVED IVORY NETSUKE OF A LONG HAIRED 'CHIN' A NOBLE JAPANESE SPANIEL

CARVED IVORY NETSUKE OF A LONG HAIRED 'CHIN' A NOBLE JAPANESE SPANIEL LYING ON A FAN FORMED FROM A PALM LEAF THE EYES INLAID WITH HORN

MEIJI PERIOD (1868 - 1912) LATE 19TH CENTURY

SIZE: 1.5CM HIGH, 5.5CM WIDE, 4CM DEEP - ½ INS HIGH, 2¼ INS WIDE, 4CM DEEP

LITERATURE

THE FUNCTION OF THE NETSUKE WAS TO ACT AS A TOGGLE OR COUNTERPOISE AT THE OPPOSITE END OF THE CORD WHICH HELD THE INRO OR OTHER SMALL ACCESSORY WHICH DANGLED FROM THE GIRDLE. ORIGINALLY A SMALL GOURD PERFORMED THIS TASK SOMETIMES ACTING AS AN AMULET AND LATER ON USED AS A FLASK FOR SAKE. THIS APPEARS TO HAVE COME INTO USE IN THE 16TH CENTURY AND IN THE EARLY EDO PERIOD, TOGETHER WITH OTHER SMALL ARTICLES, IT WAS SUSPENDED FROM THE GIRDLE BY A RING MADE OF IVORY. AT THE END OF THE 17TH CENTURY THE CUSTOM OF HANGING INRO AND MONEY PURSES 'KINCHAKU' ON A CORD FROM SEALS IMPORTED FROM CHINA AND PIERCED WITH A HOLE TO TAKE THE CORD WAS WELL ESTABLISHED. THE JAPANESE CARVERS NEEDING NEW EMPLOYMENT INCREASINGLY BEGAN TO TURN THEIR ATTENTION TO THESE SMALL OBJECTS. HOWEVER, FOR SOME TIME NETSUKE DO NOT SEEM TO HAVE BEEN WORN BY THE SAMURAI CLASSES, BUT WERE CULTIVATED BY THE MERCHANTS WHO PRIZED THEM TOGETHER WITH THE TOBACCO POUCH, JUST AS MUCH AS THE SAMURAI PRIZED THEIR SWORDS. BY 1781, IN A LIST OF ARTISANS COMPILED BY INABA MICHITATSU, FIFTY SEVEN CARVERS OF NETSUKE ARE GIVEN, AMONG WHOM ARE A SHINTÅ AND SEVERAL BUDDHIST PRIESTS.