

Finch & C^o



RARE AND UNUSUAL ENGLISH CARVED BOXWOOD LOTTERY TEETOTUM OR GAMBLING BALL

A RARE AND UNUSUAL ENGLISH CARVED BOXWOOD LOTTERY TEETOTUM OR GAMBLING BALL
INCISED ON 32 SIDES WITH THE NUMBERS 1 TO 32

18TH CENTURY

SIZE: 5.5CM DIA. – 2¼ INS DIA.

SEE: FINCH & CO CATALOGUE NO. 3, ITEM NO. 42, CATALOGUE NO. 10, ITEM, NO. 3, CATALOGUE NO. 20,
ITEM NO. 42, AND CATALOGUE NO. 21, ITEM NO. 35, FOR MARINE IVORY EXAMPLES

LITERATURE

LOTTERIES FIRST BEGAN TO BE AN ACCEPTABLE FORM OF RAISING MONEY FOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
UNDER ELIZABETH I IN 1568-69 WHEN URGENT REPAIRS TO THE HARBOURS AND COASTAL
FORTIFICATIONS OF ENGLAND WERE NEEDED TO REPEL ANY SEABORNE INVASION FROM THE SPANISH.

LOTTERIES THEN BECAME ESTABLISHED AS A LEGITIMATE MEANS OF INCREASING REVENUE BY
SUCCESSIVE ACTS OF PARLIAMENT. EVEN UNDER THE STRICT PURITAN RULE OF OLIVER CROMWELL
DURING THE 'COMMONWEALTH' THEY WERE ALLOWED TO CONTINUE AND WERE A VERY LUCRATIVE
SOURCE OF GOVERNMENT INCOME.

WHEN GAMBLING, TEETOTUM BALLS ARE PREFERABLE TO SPINNING DICE, BECAUSE WHEN THROWN THE
FACETED NUMBERED SIDES OF A BALL GIVE AN EQUAL CHANCE OF ANY NUMBER TURNING UP.
TEETOTUMS GIVE THE GAMBLER MUCH MORE OF A WINNING CHANCE.