Finch & Co



ANCIENT ROMAN MARBLE RELIEF FRAGMENT FROM A SARCOPHAGUS

AN ANCIENT ROMAN MARBLE RELIEF FRAGMENT FROM A SARCOPHAGUS DEPICTING TWO DIONYSIAN DANCING FIGURES THE MAN WEARING A LOW-GIRDLED CHITON A HIMATION DRAPED OVER HIS LEFT SHOULDER THE WOMAN SWAYING IN A LOOSELY DRAPED CHITON FALLING FROM HER SHOULDER

2ND - 3RD CENTURY AD

SIZE: 36CM HIGH, 32CM WIDE, 10CM DEEP - 14 INS HIGH, $12\frac{1}{2}$ INS WIDE, 4 INS DEEP 41CM HIGH - 16 INS HIGH (WITH STAND)

LITERATURE

DANCING WAS AN OBJECT OF ARTISTIC CULTIVATION AMONGST BOTH THE GREEKS AND ROMANS AND WAS AN EXERCISE NOT JUST FOR THE FEET, BUT ALSO FOR ARMS, HANDS AND THE WHOLE BODY. ONLY PROFESSIONALS DANCED AND FOR ANY OTHER ADULT, EVEN AT SOCIAL EVENTS, TO PERFORMA DANCE WAS REGARDED AS IMPROPRIETY. RELIGIOUS PERFORMANCES WERE BOUND UP WITH THE WORSHIP OF APOLLO AND DIONYSUS AND CONSISTED MAINLY OF CHORAL DANCES WHOSE MOVEMENT VARIED ACCORDING TO THE CHARACTER OF THE GOD AND OF THE FESTIVAL. DURING THE ROMAN IMPERIAL PERIOD THE ART OF MIMIC DANCING ATTAINED AN ASTONISHING DEGREE OF PERFECTION AND THESE PERFORMED BY HIGHLY REGARDED ARTISTS, WERE A FAVOURITE ENTERTAINMENT.