

Finch & C^o



RARE BEZOAR STONE CONTAINED IN A VICTORIAN GLASS LIDDED SPECIMEN BOX

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WITH A LABEL READING: 'BEZOAR (BAID-EL-MI'HOR) BT. AT MOGADOR1836'

SIZE: 5CM HIGH, 3CMDIA – 2 INS HIGH, 1¼ INS DIA

LITERATURE

A HANDWRITTEN TRACT FOUND IN THE BOX DATED NOV. 11TH 1870 AND SIGNED BY JOHN DAVIDSON STATES: 'BEZOARS – EXTRACT FROM JOHN DAVIDSON'S AFRICAN JOURNAL, PRIVATELY PRINTED LONDON 1839. 4T P 69 – AT MOGADOR W. MOROCCO'.

'HAD 3 OF THE FAMED SERPENT STONES* (* A MISTAKE – THEY ARE NOT USED FOR SNAKE BITES) BROUGHT ME TO PURCHASE: THEY FETCH VERY HIGH PRICES, AS THEY ARE A REMEDY FOR THE BITE OF THE REPTILE, AND ARE USED AS A MOST COSTLY MEDICINE. I MADE SEVERAL OFFERS: THE MEN HAD REFUSED 22 DUCATS FOR THE 3: A LARGE SUM FOR A MOOR TO GIVE AND THEN REFUSE. THEY ARE GENERALLY BROUGHT FROM SUDAN – THESE HOWEVER WERE TAKEN FROM THE MI'HOR WHICH IS A KIND OF ANTELOPE AND ARE CALLED 'SELSI' IN THE MANDINGO LANGUAGE'.

'PENNY CYCLOPAEDIA SAYS THEY OCCUR IN THE ANTELOPE MIHOR AND ARE HIGHLY VALUED IN EASTERN MEDICINE UNDER THE NAME 'BAID-EL-MIHOAR'. A INTESTINAL CONCRETION COMPOSED OF LITHOFELLIC ACID $C_{20}H_{36}O_4$ OR 'ELLAGIC ACID $C_7H_2O_4$ '.