

Finch & C^o



THE PROSPECT OF DUNSTER CASTLE FROM ENSTAW WOOD, AS YOU COME FROM GRAHAMPTON, EXACTLY DELINEATED BY
GEO: WOOD 1735

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PART OF HINAN-GROUND

BRATTON WOOD

PART OF WOODCOMBE

PART OF COMPAS

PRIARY BARN

RAULE ROW

CUNAGREE

THE LAWNS

THE CHURCH

THE GATEHOUSE OR OLD CASTLE

THE GARDENS

ROCH HOAD OR ROAD TO ALCOMBE

CUNDICK LANE OR ROAD TO GRABBIS

GIANTS CHOIR

THE PARKS

PART OF CULVERS

THE VINNIARD

THE NEW WALK TO YE BOWLINGGREEN

THE COACHWAY TO YE BOWLINGGREEN

PRIARY GREEN

THE TOWN OF DUNSTER

THE BOWLINGGREEN

THE CASTLE

THE CHAPPLE

THE ROAD TO GRAHAMPTON

PART OF ENSTAW WOOD

SIZE: 23CMX39CM, WATERCOLOUR, PEN & INK, HEIGHTENED WITH GUM ARABIC

THE PROSPECT OF MINEHEAD - KEY, FROM CUNAGREE NEAR DUNSTER EXACTLY DELINEATED BY GEO: WOOD 1735

COMPASS

THE CHURCH

PART OF MIDDLE TOWN

THE LOWER TOWN

THE KEY

BLENHERNE

BLENHERNE

THE BEECH

THE MÍESHES

WARREN-HOUSE

WALES

SIZE: 21CMX39CM, WATERCOLOUR, PEN & INK, HEIGHTENED WITH GUMARABIC

LITERATURE

THESE TWO PAINTINGS ARE IN THE NAÏVE STYLE OF AN ESTATE CARTOGRAPHER. BY GEORGE WOOD, DATED 1735 THEY PORTRAY A MARVELLOUSLY 'ENGLISH' 18TH CENTURY PASTORAL LANDSCAPE WITH CASTLE AND A TOWN WITH ITS SEASIDE HARBOUR. DUNSTER CASTLE, A CASTELLATED MANSION, NOW NATIONAL TRUST, WAS ORIGINALLY BUILT AS A NORMAN STRONGHOLD AROUND 1070 BY WILLIAM DE MOHUN, COURTIER OF THE CONQUEROR AND EARL OF SOMERSET, AND THEN HELD BY THE LUTTRELLS FROM 1376. THE PAINTING SHOWS THE HOUSE OR 'CASTLE', AS NO TRACE OF THE ORIGINAL NORMAN CASTLE REMAINED BY THE 18TH CENTURY, BEFORE ITS 19TH CENTURY ALTERATIONS. IN THE CENTRE OF THE FAÇADE IS THE CHAPEL DESIGNED BY SIR JAMES THORNHILL IN 1722 AND THEN DEMOLISHED IN 1868. THE BATTLEMENTED SKYLINE DEPICTED IN THE PAINTING HAS NOW THE 19TH CENTURY EMBELLISHMENT OF THE DRAWING ROOM TOWER BY THE ARCHITECT ANTHONY SALVIN WHO REMODELLED THE ENTIRE PROPERTY BETWEEN 1868 AND 1872 ON THE INSTRUCTIONS OF GEORGE FOWNES LUTTRELL. IN THE EARLY 18TH CENTURY A BOWLING GREEN WAS LAID OUT AT THE SUMMIT OF THE TOR ON THE SITE OF THE KEEP AN OCTAGONAL SUMMERHOUSE WAS BUILT AND BOTH CAN CLEARLY BE SEEN IN THIS WATERCOLOUR. THESE TWO PAINTINGS WERE EXECUTED DURING THE LIFE OF ALEXANDER LUTTREL (1705-37) WHO DIED LEAVING CONSIDERABLE DEBTS AND AN ONLY DAUGHTER AGES ELEVEN. A RECEIVER WAS APPOINTED AND THE CASTLE SHUT UP. IT IS SAID THAT ONLY THE FAMILY PLATE WAS SOLD, BUT PERHAPS OTHER THINGS LEFT THE CASTLE THEN TOO.

THE PROSPECT OF MINEHEAD' IS PAINTED FROM THE HILL BEHIND DUNSTER CASTLE WHICH IS A WELL-KNOWN LANDMARK FOR SAILORS. THE NAME MINEHEAD IS DERIVED FROM THE WELSH Mynydd, 'A MOUNTAIN'. MINEHEAD ACTED AS THE FIRST LINE OF DEFENCE FOR THE ORIGINAL NORMAN CASTLE, AND ITS SAFE HARBOUR WAS ALWAYS IMPORTANT IN TERMS OF TRADE AND SUPPLIES TO THE CASTLE AND SURROUNDING AREA. MINEHEAD WAS REPRESENTED BY TWO MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT AND FROM THE FIRST ELECTION THE LUTTRELL FAMILY CONTROLLED AT LEAST ONE OF THESE SEATS, ALWAYS ON THE ELECTORAL PLATFORM OF FURTHERING LOCAL INTERESTS AT WESTMINSTER. MINEHEAD WAS THEREFORE A 'POCKET BUROUGH' AND WAS DISENFRANCHISED UNDER THE GREAT REFORM BILL IN 1832. THUS IN THE 18TH CENTURY THE TOWN WAS ALWAYS CONSIDERED BY THE LUTTRELL FAMILY TO BE PART OF THE DUNSTER CASTLE ESTATE.